## **Solving Two-Step Equations** (SOL 7.14)

## Example 1 Solve 3x + 1 = 7

**CHECK** 

$$3x + 1 = 7$$

Locate the variable term.

$$3x + 1 = 7$$

$$3x + 1 = 7$$
 $-1$ 

**Use INVERSE OPERATIONS** to isolate the x term. In Reverse PEMDAS order

 $3() + 1 \stackrel{?}{=} 7$ 

Simplify.

Simplify.

\_\_\_\_+ 1 <sup>?</sup> 7

$$\frac{3x}{\boxed{}} = \frac{6}{\boxed{}}$$

To eliminate the coefficient divide each side by \_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_ = 7 🗸

*x* = \_\_\_

## Solve the two-step equation. Check your solution.



$\frac{r}{4} - 12 = -5$	7 <i>k</i> – 14 = 42	-12 = 24 + 4b
3 <i>g</i> – 5 = 17	9 = 4a + 13	13 = 5 <i>m</i> – 2
-5+7 <i>k</i> =-19	-15 = 11 - 2 <i>t</i>	13 = 11 – 4x

$10 = \frac{s}{2} + 7$	$6 + \frac{n}{5} = -4$	4 - 3y = 31
2	3	
15 – 2 <i>b</i> = –9	$-\frac{1}{3}y-6=-11$	$16 - \frac{r}{7} = 21$
	3	·
3(y + 5) = 21	7(p-3) = 35	-48 = 6(v + 2)
$\frac{x+3}{2}=5$	$\frac{a-4}{3}=-7$	$\frac{k+1}{-2} = -8$
_	, and the second	2
7 - 2y = -3	$\frac{4-x}{3}=-7$	15 = -3(w-2)
	3	

## Two-Step Equations With Integers

Solve each equation.

1) 
$$\frac{r}{10} + 4 = 5$$

2) 
$$\frac{n}{2} + 5 = 3$$

3) 
$$3p - 2 = -29$$

4) 
$$1 - r = -5$$

5) 
$$\frac{k-10}{2} = -7$$

6) 
$$\frac{n-5}{2} = 5$$

7) 
$$-9 + \frac{n}{4} = -7$$

8) 
$$\frac{9+m}{3} = 2$$

9) 
$$\frac{-5+x}{22} = -1$$

10) 
$$4n - 9 = -9$$

11) 
$$\frac{x+9}{2} = 3$$

12) 
$$\frac{-12+x}{11} = -3$$

13) 
$$\frac{-4+x}{2} = 6$$

14) 
$$-5 + \frac{n}{3} = 0$$

15) 
$$\frac{p}{4} + 8 = 7$$

16)  $9 + \frac{n}{4} = 15$ 

17) 
$$6 + \frac{x}{2} = 4$$

18)  $\frac{b+11}{3} = -2$ 

19) 
$$\frac{a-10}{3} = -4$$

20) -12r + 4 = 100

21) 
$$\frac{m}{16} - 9 = -8$$

22) -7 + 4r = -15

23) 
$$\frac{m-13}{2} = -8$$

24) -5x + 13 = -17

$$25) \ \frac{k+10}{-2} = 5$$

26)  $\frac{p+8}{-2} = 10$ 

27) 
$$-14r - 19 = 303$$

28)  $\frac{x}{-4} - 5 = -8$